CENTRAL SANSKRIT UNIVERSITY, NEW DELHI



SCHOOL OF YOGIC SCIENCE & HOLISTIC HEALTH PRACTICES

DEPARTMENT OF YOGIC SCIENCE & SPIRITUALITY

Syllabus for

M.Sc. Yogic Science

Year- 2023 - 24

Dr. Dhanesh. P.V. [convener]

M.Sc. YOGIC SCIENCE

1st Semester

Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Description	Theory	Credit	Units	Hours
M.Sc. Yogic Science	1 st Semester	DSCC- 16	FOUNDATIONS OF YOGA		4	4	64-80

Introduction: Indian Philosophy, teaches a person, the habit of reflecting on one's life, thought and action, on what is happening in the society and the world in a practical and purposeful manner, and Share many concepts such as dharma, karma, samsara, dukkha, renunciation, meditation, with almost all of them focusing on the ultimate goal of liberation of the individual from dukkha and samsara through diverse range of spiritual practices (moksha, nirvana). So it is beneficial for students & public also.

Course Objective: Following the completion of this course, students shall be able to:

- Appreciate the insight in the six systems of Indian philosophy.
- Explain the understanding of Yoga as a philosophy and inculcate the essence.
- Describe the various schools of philosophy like Buddhism, Samkhya, etc., which are relevant to yoga practice.
- 1. Yoga's history and development; meaning and definitions, aims and 1 1 16-20 objectives. A brief introduction to Vedas, Upanishads, Purushartha Chatushtaya Introduction to Epics and Smriti- Yoga in Ramayana (AranyaKanda), Mahabharata (ShantiParva and BhishmaParva) Yajnavalkya Smriti: concept of Kundalini, Pranayama, Pratyahara, Dhayn and Dharna. Basic concepts of Shad-darshanas- Epistemology, Metaphysics, Ethics and Liberation with special emphasis to Samkhya, Yoga and Vedanta Darshana. & Thoughts of Buddha and Jaina and Charvaka. 2. Introduction, Structure, Epistemology, Metaphysics - RajaYoga, 1 1 16-20 Jnana Yoga, BhaktiYoga, KarmaYoga, HathaYoga, MantraYoga, Layayoga, KundaliniYoga. 3. Yogic contributions of Traditional Yogis: Maharishi Patanjali and 1 1 16-20 Guru Gorakshanath, Swami Vivekananda, Sri Aurobindo, Maharishi Ramana, Swami Dayananda Saraswati. 4. Yogic Contribution of Contemporary Yogis: Shri Shyama Charan 1 1 16-20 Lahiri, Shri T. Krishmacharya, Swami Siyananda Saraswati, Swami Rama of Himalayas, Maharishi Mahesh Yogi, Pt. Shri Ram Sharma Acharya

Course Outcome: Inculcate the skill of critical enquiry which is necessary for philosophical discourse in order to generate creative thoughts objectively. Proficiency in philosophical investigations, ability to explain theories & identify valid arguments. Create awareness to become an enlightened citizen with commitment to deliver once responsibilities and values to society.

Reference Books:

- 1. Sri Aurobindo's integral yoga A comparative study by Kalpana Mohanty.
- 2. Philosophical understanding of Yoga in the Vedas Upanishads by Niranjana Bhate
- 3. Science of Yoga by I.K. Taimini
- 4. Patanjali's Yoga Sutras by Swami Vivekananda
- 5. Hatha Yoga Pradeepika Yogi Swami Swatmarama

M.Sc.-BoS-30/01/2024

Dr. Dhanesh. P.V

[convener]

Central Sanskrit University, New Delhi

Academic Year 2023-24

Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Description	Theory	Credit	Units	Hours
M.Sc. Yogic Science	1 st Semester	DSCC-1	APPLICATIONS OF HATHA-YOGA		4	4	64-80

Introduction: To know the modern and detailed practices of Hatha Yoga, it is mandatory to learn the Gherand Samhita and Hatha Yoga Pradipika.

Course Objective:

- 1. To enable them to understand the modern Hatha yoga Practice.
- 2. To impart the knowledge of Yogic Diet, Causes of failure and success in Hatha Practice.
- 3. To help them to understand the knowledge of what not to do in hatha Practices.
- 4. To help them to understand the process of preparation of Packages as per the demand of Sadhaka.
- 5. To inculcate the knowledge of contributions of different yogis.
- 6. To impart the knowledge of achievements of various Yoga Guru.
- 7. To know the Yoga journey of various Yoga Masters.

1.HathaParampara, mitahara, pathya & apathya, matha lakshana, six causes for failure and success. Important asanams, hatha siddhi lakshan, ShatKriyas & its benefits, Ashta Kumbhaka & its benefits. (According to	1	1	16-20
H.P.) 2. Dasa-Mudras, Important Bandhas & Its benefits, Importance of Khechari. Nadanusandhana, Samadhi synonyms, Correlation of manas and prana. (According to H.P.)	1	1	16-20
3. Ghata-Yoga, Saptanga Yoga, Shatkriyas with variations & Its benefits, asanams. (According to G.S.)	1	1	16-20
4. Tribandha, Panch-Dharna & Mudras, Shat Shatru, Atm Layatva, Pratyahara, Sthana- Kala-Mitahara-Nishiddha Ahara, Pranayama, and Dhyana, Samadhi and its variations. (According to G.S.)	1	1	16-20

Course Outcome:

- 1. Students will be able to understand the Hatha Yoga tradition.
- 2. They will be able to understand the significance of Yogic diet in Lifestyle.
- 3. They will be able to prepare a tailored package for the aspirant or diseased.
- 4. Capacity to understand the achievements of Various Saints.
- 5. Capacity to know the path of various Yoga Traditions.
- 6. The students will be able to design a path for Yoga practice for a newcomer.

Reference Books:

- 1. Essentials of HathaYoga, Krishnamacharya Yoga Mandiram, 2023 Dr M Jayaraman
- 2. Hatha Pradipika Yogi Swami Swatmarama, Kuvalyananda Ji, Kaivalyadhama
- 3. Gherand Samhita Maharishi Gheranda, Swami Niranjanananda Saraswati ji, BSY.
- 4. Hatha Yoga Pradipika- Bihar School of Yoga.
- 5. Hatha Yoga Pradipika (Jyotsana Vyakhya)- Adyar Publications, Chennai.
- 6. Yogiyo ka jivan Parichay by Dr. Somveer Arya.



Class	Semester	Course	Course	Theory	Credit	Units	Hours
Class	Semester	Course	Description	Theory	Creun	Units	FROUES
M.Sc.	1 st	DSCC -		ATOMY AND	4	4	64-80
Yogic	Semester	18		LOGY - I	**	•	0.00
Science		10					
Introduction	on: Anatomy is	s the study o	f the body's struct	ure. It is a branch	of science	e that	
investigates	or exists in an	imals and pe	eople. Mental hea	lth includes our ei	notional,	psychol	logical,
and social v	well-being. It a	lso helps det	ermine how we h	andle stress, relate	to others	s, and m	ake
healthy cho	ices. Mental he	ealth is child	hood and adolesc	ence through adul	thood.		
Course Ob	jective: Becon	me well vers	ed in human anat	omy & physiolog	y of Cell	structure	€.
systems in	the body like S	keletal syste	m, Muscular syst	em, Digestive sys	tem, Circ	ulatory :	system,
Respiratory	system, Excre	tory system,	Endocrine syster	n, Nervous systen	n and Rep	roduction	on.
I. CELL -	- Basic cell A	natomy- Ce	ll Organelles, Ce	ell membrane,	1	1	16-20
Movement	of the substan	ices and wat	ter through the co	ell membrane.			
Tissue, orga	ans and system	s, homeostas	sis.				
TISSUE- I	Basic Four typ	es of Tissu	es, Their subtype	es, Structure and			
function.							
	ELETAL SYS				1	1	16-20
•			al system, types				
			axial and apper				
•	—		muscle, physiolo	ogy of muscle			
	, neuromuscula		1 -1:6:				
			l classification,	types of joints			
	and its articular		es of Muscles i	n the body the			
			s of the Skeletal M				
	•		ept of Muscle To				
			Biomechanics of n				
	•	-	f musculo-skeleta				
Yogic pract		1010 (00100 0		J		<u> </u>	j
· .		Structure and	I functions of skin	l.			
	IVE SYSTEM				1	1	16-20
			functional anator	ny of organs GI			
	Mouth, Oral c			. -			
			intestine, Large in	ntestine and Anal			
canal. Phys	iology of dige	stion, Acid p	production, Gastri	ic and digestives			
			n, functions of				
-			GIT, digestion an	nd absorption of			
nutriente ar	d disorders of	GIT			1	1	1

nutrients and disorders of GIT.

Relevance of digestive system as per Yogic practices, asanam,

Pranayama etc

4.RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Gross anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to functional anatomy of nasal cavity, Pharynx, Larynx, Trachea,
Bronchus, Lungs and Alveoli. Mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration. types of respiration.

Lung Volumes and capacities transport of respiratory gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods.

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Relevance of respiratory system as per Yogic practices, asana,		
Pranayama etc		

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. To understand the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
- 2. To learn the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances through Yogic physiology basis.
- 3. To identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of the human body.
- 5. To know the coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system and their relevance in Yogic practices.
- 6. To apply the applied aspects of Yogic practices.

Reference Books:

- 1. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, 12th Edition, Churchill Livingstone, New York.
- 2. Physiological basis of Medical Practice by Best and Tailor. Latest Edition, Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
- 3. Manav Sharir Rachna evam kriya Vigyan, Anant Prakash Gupta.
- 4. Human anatomy and physiology, Ross and Wilson, Elsevier Publication.



Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Description	Theory	Credit	Units	Hours
M.Sc. Yogic Science	1 st Semester	DSCC - 19	BASICS OF	SANSKRIT	4	4	64-80

Introduction: To understand the Text written by the great Indian Yogis a long back ago, it is essential to know the basics of Sanskrit language. Sanskrit is not just a language but it's a training of the brain as well.

Course Objective: The students will be able:

- 1. To understand the true means of Indic treasures hidden in classical texts.
- 2. To sensitize about the Indic Philosophy about life.
- 3. To analyze the contribution of Yogis in developing various forms of Yoga.

4. To impart the great values of ancient and modern Yogis.

4. To impart the great values of afferent and modern Togis.			
Orthography of Devanagari Varnamala, classification of varnas, Purnakshara, Samyuktakshara, and Mrduvyanjanas,	1	1	16-20
Writing of Varnamala using Roman transliteration.			
Subantas- Ajantha and Halanta words, Genders, Vachanas, cases of			
subanta words.			
Sandhis –Savarnadhirgha, Vrddhi, Guna, Ayadhi, Stutva, Schutva.			
Samasa - Tatpurusha, Karmadharaya, Dvigu, Dvandva, Bhahuvrihi,			
Avyayibhava,			
Avyayas in Sanskrit - Ca, Api, Va, Na, Vina, Saha, Tu, Kintu, Eva,	1	1	16-20
Evam, Iti, Ittham, Athra, Iha, Tada, Gatva, Krtva, Labdhwa, Jitva.			[41]
Upasargas – Pra, Para, Apa, Sam, Anu, Ava, Nis, Nir, Dus, Dur, Vi, Aa,			
Ni, Adhi, Api, Ati, Su, Abhi, Prati, Pari, Upa, Antar, Avir, Tiras.			
Nipatas- Cha, Va, Api, Kim, Chiat, Ma Chana, Sma.			
Karakas – its use in Sanskrit.			
Recitation of Yoga Sutras with right Pronunciation. Sampoorna Pada.	1	1	16-20
Roman Transliteration of Devanagari Script & Application of the			
same to write Sutras.			
Textual Immersions of HathaPradipika: Chapter 1	1	1	16-20
(Pratham-upadesha) Shloka, Prati-padartha, Sangati, Anvaya,			
Vakya-Yojana, Bhavartha.			

Course Outcome:

The students will be enriched with the basic knowledge of basic Sanskrit and Contribution of Great Yogis in developing the Indic system of Yoga.

Reference Books:

- 1. Yogasya bhasha Samkritam, Samskrit Samvardan Pratisthan.
- 2. Pratham Diksha, Central Sanskrit University, New Delhi.
- 3. Learn Sanskrit in 30 Days.
- 4. Samskrit Swayam Shikshak, Shripad Damodar Satavlekar, Rajpal Publication.
- 5. Easy Sanskrit, B. R. Gagan Chaitanya, Chinmaya International Foundation.
- 6. Essentials of HathaYoga, Krishnamacharya Yoga Mandiram, 2023 Dr M Jayaraman



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Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Description	Practical	Credit	Units	Hours
M.Sc. Yogic Science	1 st Semester	SEC- 6	FOR HO	RACTICES DLISTIC LTH- I	4	4	120 136

Introduction: The objective of this course is to teach the practices to the students for the concept of holistic health and application of Yoga for the management of holistic health.

Course Objective:

- 1. To orient student with the practices with various Āsanas.
- 2. To provide knowledge about the concept of various breathing practices & Sūrya namaskāra
- 3. To inculcate the concept of Şaţkarma related to Yogic practice
- 4. To teach the concept of Yogic sūksma and sthūla vyāvāma & Yogasanas

4. To teach the concept of Togic sukshia and stitula vyayama & Toga	Sallas		
1.Recitations:	1	1	30-34
Pratah-Smarana-Mantra, Shanti Mantra, Pranav Japa, Hymns of Veda			
and Upanishads. (Any Three)		İ	
Hasta-Mudra: Jnana, Chin, Hriday, Bhairav, Yoni.			
2.Shatkarma: Jalaneti, Rubber Neti, Sutra Neti, Bahya Trataka (Bindu,	1	1	30-34
Jyoti) Vatkrama Kapalbhati and Agnisara Dhauti			
Ganesha-Kriya (Thoppukaranam)			
Surya-Namaskarah With variations & Vaidika Surya Namaskar (9)	1	1	30-34
3.asanams: Standing: Tadasanam, Tiryak-Tadasanam, Padhastasanam,			
Trikonasanam, Parivritta-trikonasanam, Parshva-Konasanam,			
Virasanam, Ardha-chakrasanam, Padangushtasanam, Padahastasanam.			
Sitting: Vajrasanam, Supta-Vajrasanam, Paschimottanasanam with			İ
variations, Purvottanasanam, Janushirshasanam, Baddha-konasanam			
(Titliasanam), Gomukhasanam, Akarn-dhanurasanamm, Sukhasanamm,			
Swastikasanam, Padmasanam.			
Twisting: Vakrasanam, Ardha-Matsyendrasanamm, Marichyasnam-1			
& 3, Bhardwajasanamm, Katichakrasanamm, ArdhKati-Chakrasanam.			
Supine: Uttanapadasanam, Ardha-Halasanam, Setubandhasanam,			
Shavasanam.			
Prone: Bhujangasanam, Side Bend Bhujangasanam, Dhanurasanamm,			
Shalabhasanam.			
Balancing: Vrikshasanam, Garudasnam, Bakasanam, Natrajasanam.			
4.Pranayama: Śvāsa-praśvāsa Sanyamah, Abdomen, Thoracic &	1	1	30-34
Clavicular Breathing, Yogic Breathing: Pause Breathing			
(Anuloma-Viloma Prāṇāyāma), Practice of Pūraka, Recaka &			
Kumbhaka (Antar & Bāhya), Surya-bhedna Pranayama, Ujjayi			
Prayanama, Nadi Shodhan Pranayama.			
Bandha: Ashvini, Yoga Mudra, preparatory practices for Tri-Bandha.			

Course Outcome:

- 1. Recite the yogic hymns or mantras
- 2. Perform the different yogic purification techniques (Şatkarmas) like neti
- 3. Illustrate various breathing exercises and sūrya namaskāra
- 4. Classify the different Yogasanas

Reference Books:

1. Mudras & Health Perspectives (MARATHI) (Marathi) by Suman K. chiplunkar (Author), Mrs.Nila Kachole.

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- 2. Hatha Yoga: Book 3: Shatkarma Paperback by Niranjananda Swami Saraswati
- 3. Upanishads: The Holy Spirit of Vedas Hardcover by F. Max Muller
- 4. Asana Pranayama Mudra Bandha (APMB) by Swami Satyananda Saraswati ji, Bihar School of Yoga.
- 5. Asanas by Swami Kuvalayananda Ji, Kaivalyadham, Lonavala.
- 6. Light on Yoga, B.K.S. Iyengar

Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Description	Practical	Credit	Units	Hours
M.Sc. Yogic Science	1 st Semester	ECA -	YOGIC PHYSIOLOGY LAB - I		2	4	64-80

Introduction: The study of Physiology is to understand the impact of asanas and breathing practices on the Human Body. Various measurements help us to understand the cause of the problems.

Course Objective:

- 1. To orient the knowledge of Modern physiology to understand the root cause.
- 2. To incorporate the thinking ability to connect the causes and diagnose the problem.
- 3. To take help with the modern tools for diagnostic purposes.
- 4. To diagnose and prepare the Yogic management.

1. To diagnose and prepare the Togic management.			
1. Anthropometry measurements, Method of collection of blood,	0.5	1	16-20
Hemoglobinometry; bleeding time, clotting time, blood group.	9		
2. E.S.R., pulse, Measurement of arterial blood pressure in humans.	0.5	1	16-20
3. Total white blood cell count, Total Red blood count, Differential	0.5	1	16-20
W.B.C. count;			
4. Effect of posture and Breathing Practices on various systems of the	0.5	1	16-20
body. Stethography; Spirometry; Reflexes, recording of body			
temperature. Exercise and cold stress on blood pressur I e; BMI			
calculation, Breathing Rate, Pulse Rate, Heart Rate			

Course Outcome: After the study of this syllabus students will be able to

- Understand the modern tools of diagnostics.
- Take help from the modern tools for the diagnosis and prepare the yogic Management.

